



# Public report

### 2019-20

Submitted by

Legal Name: AustralianSuper Pty Ltd



# Organisation and contact details

Submitting organisation details	Legal name	AustralianSuper Pty Ltd
	ABN	94006457987
	ANZSIC	K Financial and Insurance Services 6330 Superannuation Funds
	Business/trading name/s	AustralianSuper
	ASX code (if applicable)	
	Postal address	Level 33, 50 Lonsdale Street MELBOURNE VIC 3000 AUSTRALIA
	Organisation phone number	0417038187
Reporting structure	Number of employees covered by this report	878



# Workplace profile

### Manager

Manager equipational actogorica	Departing level to CEO	Employment status		No. of employees	
Manager occupational categories	Reporting level to CEO	Employment status	F	М	Total employees
		Full-time permanent	0	1	1
		Full-time contract	0	0	0
CEO/Head of Business in Australia	0	Part-time permanent	0	0	0
		Part-time contract	0	0	0
		Casual	0	0	0
		Full-time permanent	4	4	8
		Full-time contract	0	0	0
Key management personnel	-1	Part-time permanent	0	0	0
		Part-time contract	0	0	0
		Casual	0	0	0
		Full-time permanent	9	15	24
Other executives/General managers	-2	Full-time contract	0	1	1
		Part-time permanent	1	0	1
		Part-time contract	0	0	0
		Casual	0	0	0
Other executives/General managers		Full-time permanent	0	4	4
		Full-time contract	0	0	0
	-3	Part-time permanent	0	0	0
		Part-time contract	0	0	0
		Casual	0	0	0
		Full-time permanent	1	7	8
		Full-time contract	0	0	0
	-2	Part-time permanent	0	0	0
		Part-time contract	0	0	0
Senior Managers		Casual	0	0	0
		Full-time permanent	6	14	20
		Full-time contract	0	0	0
	-3	Part-time permanent	2	0	2
		Part-time contract	0	0	0
		Casual	0	0	0



Manager occupational categories	Reporting level to CEO	Employment status		No. of employees	
Manager occupational categories	Reporting lever to CEO	Employment status	F	М	Total employees
		Full-time permanent	0	1	1
		Full-time contract	0	0	0
	-4	Part-time permanent	0	0	0
		Part-time contract	0	0	0
		Casual	0	0	0
		Full-time permanent	1	1	2
		Full-time contract	0	0	0
	-2	Part-time permanent	0	0	0
		Part-time contract	0	0	0
		Casual	0	0	0
	-3	Full-time permanent	30	33	63
		Full-time contract	0	1	1
		Part-time permanent	5	0	5
		Part-time contract	0	0	0
Other menagers		Casual	0	0	0
Other managers		Full-time permanent	17	31	48
		Full-time contract	3	2	5
	-4	Part-time permanent	3	0	3
		Part-time contract	0	0	0
		Casual	0	0	0
		Full-time permanent	1	4	5
		Full-time contract	0	1	1
	-5	Part-time permanent	0	0	0
		Part-time contract	0	0	0
		Casual	0	0	0
Grand total: all managers			83	120	203



# Workplace profile

### Non-manager

Non-manager equipational actogoriza		No. of employees (excluding	graduates and apprentices)	No. of graduate	es (if applicable)	No. of apprentice	es (if applicable)	Total amplayage
Non-manager occupational categories	Employment status	F	Μ	F	М	F	М	Total employees
Professionals	Full-time permanent	226	281	3	3	0	0	513
	Full-time contract	27	30	0	0	0	0	57
	Part-time permanent	57	6	0	0	0	0	63
	Part-time contract	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
	Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Full-time permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Full-time contract	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Technicians and trade	Part-time permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Part-time contract	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Full-time permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Full-time contract	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Community and personal service	Part-time permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Part-time contract	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Full-time permanent	30	0	0	0	0	0	30
	Full-time contract	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Clerical and administrative	Part-time permanent	7	0	0	0	0	0	7
	Part-time contract	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Full-time permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Full-time contract	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sales	Part-time permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Part-time contract	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Full-time permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Full-time contract	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Machinery operators and drivers	Part-time permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Part-time contract	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



Non manager ecoupational estagories	Employment status	No. of employees (excluding	graduates and apprentices)	No. of graduate	s (if applicable)	No. of apprentices (if applicable)		Total employees
Non-manager occupational categories		F	М	F	М	F	М	Total employees
	Full-time permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Full-time contract	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Labourers	Part-time permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Part-time contract	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Full-time permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Full-time contract	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Others	Part-time permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Part-time contract	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grand total: all non-managers		351	317	4	3	0	0	675



# Reporting questionnaire

### Gender equality indicator 1: Gender composition of workforce

This indicator seeks information about the gender composition of relevant employers in a standardised format, to enable the aggregation of data across and within industries. The aggregated data in your workplace profile assists relevant employers in understanding the characteristics of their workforce, including in relation to occupational segregation, the position of women and men in management within their industry or sector, and patterns of potentially insecure employment.

### NB. IMPORTANT:

• References to the Act mean the Workplace Gender Equality Act 2012.

• A formal 'policy' and/or 'formal strategy' in this questionnaire refers to formal policies and/or strategies that are either standalone or contained within another formal policy/formal strategy.

• Data provided in this reporting questionnaire covers the TOTAL reporting period from 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2020. (This differs from the workplace profile data which is taken at a point-in-time during the reporting period).

- Answers need to reflect ALL organisations covered in this report.
- If you select "NO, Insufficient resources/expertise" to any option, this may cover human or financial resources.
- 1. Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies in place that SPECIFICALLY SUPPORT GENDER EQUALITY relating to the following?

### 1.1 Recruitment

- Yes (select all applicable answers)
  - Policy
  - Strategy
- No (you may specify why no formal policy or formal strategy is in place)
  - Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed
    - Insufficient resources/expertise
    - Not a priority

### 1.2 Retention

- Yes (select all applicable answers)
  - Policy
  - Strategy
- □ No (you may specify why no formal policy or formal strategy is in place)
  - Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed
    - Insufficient resources/expertise
    - Not a priority

### 1.3 Performance management processes

- $\boxtimes$  Yes (select all applicable answers)
  - Policy
  - Strategy
- No (you may specify why no formal policy or formal strategy is in place)
  - Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed
  - Insufficient resources/expertise
  - Not a priority





### 1.4 Promotions

- Yes (select all applicable answers)
  - Policy
  - Strategy
- No (you may specify why no formal policy or formal strategy is in place)
  - Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed Insufficient resources/expertise
    - Not a priority

### 1.5 Talent identification/identification of high potentials

- Yes (select all applicable answers)
  - 🛛 Policy
  - Strategy
- No (you may specify why no formal policy or formal strategy is in place)
  - Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed Insufficient resources/expertise
    - Not a priority

### 1.6 Succession planning

- Yes (select all applicable answers)
  - Policy
  - Strategy
- □ No (you may specify why no formal policy or formal strategy is in place)
  - Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed
  - Not a priority

### 1.7 Training and development

- Yes (select all applicable answers)
  - 🛛 Policy
    - Strategy
- No (you may specify why no formal policy or formal strategy is in place)
  - Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed Insufficient resources/expertise
    - Not a priority

#### 1.8 Key performance indicators for managers relating to gender equality

- Yes (select all applicable answers)
  - Policy
  - Strategy
- No (you may specify why no formal policy or formal strategy is in place)
  - Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed Insufficient resources/expertise
    - 🔲 Not a priority

### 1.9 Gender equality overall

- Yes (select all applicable answers)
  - Policy
  - Strategy
- No (you may specify why no formal policy or formal strategy is in place)
  - Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed
     Insufficient resources/expertise
    - Not a priority





1.10 How many employees were promoted during the reporting period against each category below? IMPORTANT: Because promotions are included in the number of appointments in Q1.11, the number of promotions should never exceed appointments.

	Mana	Managers		nagers
	Female	Male	Female	Male
Permanent/ongoing full-time employees	12	18	32	35
Permanent/ongoing part-time employees	1	0	1	0
Fixed-term contract full-time employees	0	0	0	0
Fixed-term contract part-time employees	0	0	0	0
Casual employees	0	0	0	0

1.11 How many appointments in total were made to manager and non-manager roles (based on WGEA-defined managers/non-managers) during the reporting period (add the number of external appointments and internal promotions together)?

	Female	Male
Number of appointments made to MANAGER roles (including promotions)	37	55
Number of appointments made to NON-MANAGER roles (including promotions)	161	158

### 1.12 How many employees resigned during the reporting period against each category below?

	Mana	Managers		nagers
	Female	Male	Female	Male
Permanent/ongoing full-time employees	6	17	20	28
Permanent/ongoing part-time employees	1	0	23	17
Fixed-term contract full-time employees	1	0	6	2
Fixed-term contract part-time employees	0	0	9	0
Casual employees	0	0	0	0

# 1.13 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to gender equality indicator 1, please do so below.

The Diversity and Inclusion Strategy and Scorecard FY19-FY21, continue to drive AustralianSuper's actions and measure results in relation to gender equality.

Key initiatives include:

• Continued development and internal promotion of the AustralianSuper Women Network (established in 2018), to support women achieving their career and life goals. The Network welcomes women and men to become members, to improve connections and working relationships across the Fund.

- Investing in inclusive leadership capability, including fortnightly People Leader forums
- Thrive to Lead, a professional development program empowering women in their careers

• Targeted development and mentoring of key women identified for future leadership positions, including all open roles being advertised internally

• Graduate and internship programs with specific focus on providing opportunities for gender balanced cohorts, with a particular lens on the Investments business

Mandating gender diverse candidate slate (from the recruitment team) for selection of key leadership
positions

Commitment to pay equity analysis and regular reporting of results to the Board and Executive Committee
 Promotion of primary carer leave for both male and female colleagues.

### Gender equality indicator 2: Gender composition of governing bodies



Gender composition of governing bodies is an indicator of gender equality at the highest level of organisational leadership and decision-making. This gender equality indicator seeks information on the representation of women and men on governing bodies. The term "governing body" in relation to a relevant employer is broad and depends on the nature of your organisation. It can mean the board of directors, trustees, committee of management, council or other governing authority of the employer.

- 2. The organisation(s) you are reporting on will have a governing body. In the Act, governing body is defined as "the board of directors, trustees, committee of management, council or other governing authority of the employer". This question relates to the highest governing body for your Australian entity, even if it is located overseas.
  - 2.1 Please answer the following questions relating to each governing body covered in this report. Note: If this report covers more than one organisation, the questions below will be repeated for each organisation before proceeding to question 2.2.

If your organisation's governing body is the same as your parent entity's, you will need to add your organisation's name BUT the numerical details of your parent entity's governing body.

### 2.1a.1 Organisation name?

AustralianSuper Pty Ltd

2.1b.1 What gender is the Chair on this governing body (if the role of the Chair rotates, enter the gender of the Chair at your last meeting)?

	Female	Male
Number	0	1

2.1c.1 How many other members are on this governing body (excluding the Chair/s)?

	Female	Male
Number	3	8

2.1d.1 Has a target been set to increase the representation of women on this governing body?

#### 🛛 Yes

No (you may specify why a target has not been set)

Governing body/board has gender balance (e.g. 40% women/40% men/20% either)

Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed

Insufficient resources/expertise

Do not have control over governing body/board appointments (provide details why):

- Not a priority
- Other (provide details):
- 2.1e.1 What is the percentage (%) target?

40

2.1f.1 What year is the target to be reached?

2020

### 2.1g.1 Are you reporting on any other organisations in this report?

🗌 Yes



🖾 No

### 2.2 Do you have a formal selection policy and/or formal selection strategy for governing body members for ALL organisations covered in this report?

Yes (select all applicable answers)

🖄 Policy

☐ Strategy

- No (you may specify why no formal selection policy or formal selection strategy is in place)
  - Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed
  - Insufficient resources/expertise
  - Do not have control over governing body appointments (provide details why)
  - Not a priority
  - Other (provide details):
- 2.3 Does your organisation operate as a partnership structure (i.e. select NO if your organisation is an "incorporated" entity Pty Ltd, Ltd or Inc; or an "unincorporated" entity)?



# 2.5 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to gender equality indicator 2, please do so below.

In September 2019 the AustralianSuper Board approved the revised Board Diversity Policy. The policy outlines how we promote diversity, in particular gender equality on the Board. Working closely with shareholders, the Board has set the target of at least 40% female representation by 2020. The policy acknowledges that a diverse Board brings differences in skills, experience, background and personal characteristics such as age, gender, ethnicity and sexual orientation.

Endorsed on 30 June 2019, the AustralianSuper Board Renewal Policy was created to set out the processes relating to the appointment, reappointment and removal of Directors, Alternate Directors and Board Committee Members. Whilst Board appointments are controlled by the Fund's sponsoring organisations, this policy affirms our commitment to processes based on integrity. The Board and the Fund's sponsoring organisations are committed to having more women on the Board and take this into account when making Board appointments.

### Gender equality indicator 3: Equal remuneration between women and men

Equal remuneration between women and men is a key component of improving women's economic security and progressing gender equality.

### 3. Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy on remuneration generally?

Yes (select all applicable answers)
Policy
⊠ Strategy
No (you may specify why no formal policy or formal strategy is in place)
Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed
Insufficient resources/expertise
Salaries set by awards/industrial or workplace agreements
Non-award employees paid market rate
Not a priority
Other (provide details):

Other (provide details):

### 3.1 Are specific gender pay equity objectives included in your formal policy and/or formal strategy?

Yes (provide details in question 3.2 below)

□ No (you may specify why pay equity objectives are not included in your formal policy or formal strategy)





- Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed
- Salaries set by awards/industrial or workplace agreements
- ☐ Insufficient resources/expertise
- Non-award employees paid market rate
- □ Not a priority
- Other (provide details):

#### 3.2 Does your formal policy and/or formal strategy include any of the following gender pay equity objectives (select all applicable answers)?

To achieve gender pay equity

To ensure no gender bias occurs at any point in the remuneration review process (for example at

- commencement, at annual salary reviews, out-of-cycle pay reviews, and performance pay reviews)
- To be transparent about pay scales and/or salary bands
- To ensure managers are held accountable for pay equity outcomes
- To implement and/or maintain a transparent and rigorous performance assessment process

Other (provide details):

To achieve gender pay equity

- 1. Remuneration policy objectives:
- Ensure a level of equity and consistency of treatment across the Fund.
- To achieve gender pay equity.
- 2. Diversity strategy/Scorecard:
- Active management of our pay equity data to ensure areas of concern are addressed promptly.
- Consider staff initiatives to address gender super gap.
- Scorecard includes measures to reduce the gender pay gap.

#### 4. Have you analysed your payroll to determine if there are any remuneration gaps between women and men (i.e. conducted a gender pay gap analysis)?

Yes - the most recent gender remuneration gap analysis was undertaken:

- Within last 12 months Within last 1-2 years
- More than 2 years ago but less than 4 years ago
- Other (provide details):

No (you may specify why you have not analysed your payroll for gender remuneration gaps)

Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed

Insufficient resources/expertise

Salaries for ALL employees (including managers) are set by awards or industrial agreements AND there is no room for discretion in pay changes (for example because pay increases occur only when there is a change in tenure or qualifications)

Salaries for SOME or ALL employees (including managers) are set by awards or industrial agreements and there IS room for discretion in pay changes (because pay increases can occur with some discretion such as performance assessments)

- Non-award employees paid market rate
- Not a priority

Other (provide details):

4.01 You may provide details below on the type of gender remuneration gap analysis that has been undertaken (for example like-for-like and/or organisation-wide).

Our remuneration gap analysis included an organisation wide review, by level and like for like roles.

#### 4.1 Did you take any actions as a result of your gender remuneration gap analysis?

Yes – indicate what actions were taken (select all applicable answers)

- Created a pay equity strategy or action plan
- Identified cause/s of the gaps
- Reviewed remuneration decision-making processes
- Analysed commencement salaries by gender to ensure there are no pay gaps
- Analysed performance ratings to ensure there is no gender bias (including unconscious bias)
- Analysed performance pay to ensure there is no gender bias (including unconscious bias)
- Trained people-managers in addressing gender bias (including unconscious bias)



- Set targets to reduce any organisation-wide gaps
- Reported pay equity metrics (including gender pay gaps) to the governing body
- Reported pay equity metrics (including gender pay gaps) to the executive
- Reported pay equity metrics (including gender pay gaps) to all employees
- Reported pay equity metrics (including gender pay gaps) externally
- Corrected like-for-like gaps
- Conducted a gender-based job evaluation process
- Implemented other changes (provide details):
- □ No (you may specify why no actions were taken resulting from your remuneration gap analysis)
  - No unexplainable or unjustifiable gaps identified
    - Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed
    - Insufficient resources/expertise
  - Salaries set by awards/industrial or workplace agreements
  - Non-award employees are paid market rate
  - Unable to address cause/s of gaps (provide details why):

  - Not a priority
     Other (provide details):

#### 4.2 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to gender equality indicator 3, please do so below:

AustralianSuper continues to analyse the life cycle of pay including: recruitment, remuneration reviews and promotions to ensure that it is consistent, fair and without bias. We also continue to focus on developing opportunities for women in leadership roles across the Fund and strive to increase the representation of women in our Investments group.

### Gender equality indicator 4: Flexible working and support for employees with family and caring responsibilities

This indicator will enable the collection and use of information from relevant employers about the availability and utility of employment terms, conditions and practices relating to flexible working arrangements for employees and to working arrangements supporting employees with family or caring responsibilities. One aim of this indicator is to improve the capacity of women and men to combine paid work and family or caring responsibilities through such arrangements. The achievement of this goal is fundamental to gender equality and to maximising Australia's skilled workforce.

#### 5. A "PRIMARY CARER" is the member of a couple or a single carer, REGARDLESS OF GENDER, identified as having greater responsibility for the day-to-day care of a child.

Do you provide EMPLOYER FUNDED paid parental leave for PRIMARY CARERS that is available for women AND men, in addition to any government funded parental leave scheme for primary carers?

X Yes. (Please indicate how employer funded paid parental leave is provided to the primary carer):

By paying the gap between the employee's salary and the government's paid parental leave scheme

By paying the employee's full salary (in addition to the government's paid scheme), regardless of the period of time over which it is paid. For example, full pay for 12 weeks or half pay for 24 weeks

As a lump sum payment (paid pre- or post- parental leave, or a combination)

□ No, we offer paid parental leave for primary carers that is available to women ONLY (e.g. maternity leave). (Please indicate how employer funded paid parental leave is provided to women ONLY):

By paying the gap between the employee's salary and the government's paid parental leave scheme

By paying the employee's full salary (in addition to the government's paid scheme), regardless of the period of time over which it is paid. For example, full pay for 12 weeks or half pay for 24 weeks

As a lump sum payment (paid pre- or post- parental leave, or a combination)

□ No, we offer paid parental leave for primary carers that is available to men ONLY. (Please indicate how employer funded paid parental leave is provided to men ONLY):

By paying the gap between the employee's salary and the government's paid parental leave scheme

By paying the employee's full salary (in addition to the government's paid scheme), regardless of the period of time over which it is paid. For example, full pay for 12 weeks or half pay for 24 weeks

As a lump sum payment (paid pre- or post- parental leave, or a combination)

No, not available (you may specify why this leave is not provided)

Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed

Insufficient resources/expertise

Government scheme is sufficient



Not a priority
 Other (provide details):

5.1 How many weeks of EMPLOYER FUNDED paid parental leave for primary carers is provided? If different amounts of leave are provided (e.g. based on length of service) enter the MINIMUM number of weeks provided to eligible employees:

14

5a. If your organisation would like to provide additional information on your paid parental leave for primary carers e.g. eligibility period, where applicable the maximum number of weeks provided, and other arrangements you may have in place, please do so below.

AustralianSuper has removed any reference to primary and secondary carers in its updated 2019 Parental Leave policy.

During periods of both paid and unpaid parental leave, and for a period of up to two years from the commencement of parental leave, superannuation is paid at the full-time rate for the duration of parental leave and where an employee who is the primary carer returns from parental leave on a part time basis.

There is no qualifying/eligibility period to take an initial or subsequent period of paid parental leave.

- 5.2 What proportion of your total workforce has access to employer funded paid parental leave for PRIMARY CARERS?
  - In your calculation, you MUST INCLUDE CASUALS when working out the proportion.
    - <10%</li>
      10-20%
      21-30%
      31-40%
      41-50%
      51-60%
      61-70%
      71-80%
      81-90%
      91-99%
      × 100%
- 5.3 Please indicate whether your employer funded paid parental leave for primary carers covers:
  - ☑ Adoption☑ Surrogacy☑ Stillbirth

# 6. A "SECONDARY CARER" is a member of a couple or a single carer, REGARDLESS OF GENDER, who is not the primary carer.

# Do you provide EMPLOYER FUNDED paid parental leave for SECONDARY CARERS that is available for men and women, in addition to any government funded parental leave scheme for secondary carers?

🛛 Yes	
$\Box$ No, we offer paid parental leave for SECONDARY CARERS that is available to men ONLY (e.g. paternity l	eave)
No, we offer paid parental leave for SECONDARY CARERS that is available to women ONLY	
No (you may specify why employer funded paid parental leave for secondary carers is not paid)	
Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed	
Insufficient resources/expertise	
Government scheme is sufficient	
□ Not a priority	
Other (provide details):	





6.1 How many days of EMPLOYER FUNDED parental leave is provided for SECONDARY CARERS? If different amounts of leave are provided (e.g. based on length of service) enter the MINIMUM number of days provided to eligible employees:

70

6a. If your organisation would like to provide additional information on your paid parental leave for SECONDARY CARERS e.g. eligibility period, other arrangements you may have in place etc, please do so below.

The removal of primary and secondary carer definitions in the Fund's Parental Leave policy, enables all colleagues to access the entitlement of 14 weeks (70 days) paid leave.

- 6.2 What proportion of your total workforce has access to employer funded paid parental leave for SECONDARY CARERS?
  - In your calculation, you MUST INCLUDE CASUALS when working out the proportion.
    - <10%</li>
      10-20%
      21-30%
      31-40%
      41-50%
      51-60%
      61-70%
      71-80%
      81-90%
      91-99%
      100%
- 6.3 Please indicate whether your employer funded paid parental leave for secondary carers covers:
  - Adoption Surrogacy Stillbirth
- 7. How many MANAGERS have taken parental leave during the reporting period (paid and/or unpaid)? Include employees still on parental leave, regardless of when it commenced.

	Primary carer's leave		Secondary carer's leave	
	Female	Male	Female	Male
Managers	4	1	0	3

7.1 How many NON-MANAGERS have taken parental leave during the reporting period (paid and/or unpaid)? Include employees still on parental leave, regardless of when it commenced.

	Primary carer's leave		Secondary carer's leave	
	Female	Male	Female	Male
Non-managers	26	0	1	12

- 8. How many MANAGERS, during the reporting period, ceased employment before returning to work from parental leave, regardless of when the leave commenced?
  - Include those where parental leave was taken continuously with any other leave type. For example, where annual leave or any other paid or unpaid leave is also taken at that time.

• 'Ceased employment' means anyone who has exited the organisation for whatever reason, including resignations, redundancies and dismissals.

	Female	Male
Managers	0	0



8.1 How many NON-MANAGERS, during the reporting period, ceased employment before returning to work from parental leave, regardless of when the leave commenced?

 Include those where parental leave was taken continuously with any other leave type. For example, where annual leave or any other paid or unpaid leave is also taken at that time.

• 'Ceased employment' means anyone who has exited the organisation for whatever reason, including resignations, redundancies and dismissals.

	Female	Male
Non-managers	0	0

### 9. Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy on flexible working arrangements?

Yes (select all applicable answers)

- 🛛 Policy
  - Strategy

□ No (you may specify why no formal policy or formal strategy is in place)

Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed

Insufficient resources/expertise

- Don't offer flexible arrangements
- □ Not a priority

Other (provide details):

### 9.1 You may indicate which of the following are included in your flexible working arrangements strategy:

A business case for flexibility has been established and endorsed at the leadership level

Leaders are visible role models of flexible working

Flexible working is promoted throughout the organisation

Targets have been set for engagement in flexible work

- Targets have been set for men's engagement in flexible work
- Leaders are held accountable for improving workplace flexibility
- Manager training on flexible working is provided throughout the organisation

Employee training is provided throughout the organisation

Team-based training is provided throughout the organisation

Employees are surveyed on whether they have sufficient flexibility

- The organisation's approach to flexibility is integrated into client conversations
- The impact of flexibility is evaluated (eg reduced absenteeism, increased employee engagement)
- A Metrics on the use of, and/or the impact of, flexibility measures are reported to key management personnel
- A Metrics on the use of, and/or the impact of, flexibility measures are reported to the governing body

### 10. Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy to support employees with family or caring responsibilities?

Yes (select all applicable answers)

🖄 Policy

Strategy

No (you may specify why no formal policy or formal strategy is in place)

- Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed
  - Insufficient resources/expertise
  - Included in award/industrial or workplace agreement
  - Not a priority
  - Other (provide details):

# 11. Do you offer any other support mechanisms, other than leave, for employees with family or caring responsibilities (eg, employer-subsidised childcare, breastfeeding facilities)?

🛛 Yes

□ No (you may specify why non-leave based measures are not in place)

Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed

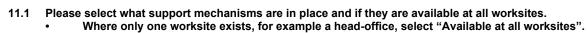
Insufficient resources/expertise

Not a priority





Other (provide details):



Employer subsidised childcare Available at some worksites only	
Available at all worksites	
☐ On-site childcare	
Available at some worksites only	
Available at all worksites	
Breastfeeding facilities	
Available at some worksites only	
Available at all worksites	
Childcare referral services	
Available at some worksites only	
Available at all worksites	
Internal support networks for parents	
Available at some worksites only	
Available at all worksites	
Return to work bonus (only select this option if the return to work bonus is NOT the balance of p	paid parental leave
when an employee returns from leave)	
Available at some worksites only	
Available at all worksites	
Information packs to support new parents and/or those with elder care responsibilities	
Available at some worksites only	
Available at all worksites	
Referral services to support employees with family and/or caring responsibilities	
Available at some worksites only	
Available at all worksites	
Targeted communication mechanisms, for example intranet/ forums	
Available at some worksites only	
Available at all worksites ☐ Support in securing school holiday care	
Available at some worksites only	
Available at all worksites	
Coaching for employees on returning to work from parental leave	
Available at some worksites only	
$\boxtimes$ Available at all worksites	
Parenting workshops targeting mothers	
Available at some worksites only	
Available at all worksites	
Parenting workshops targeting fathers	
Available at some worksites only	
Available at all worksites	
None of the above, please complete question 11.2 below	

#### 12. Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy to support employees who are experiencing family or domestic violence?

Yes (select all applicable answers)

☑ Policy☑ Strategy

- No (you may specify why no formal policy or formal strategy is in place)
  - Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed Insufficient resources/expertise

  - Included in award/industrial or workplace agreements

  - Not aware of the need
     Not a priority
     Other (please provide details):
- 13. Other than a formal policy and/or formal strategy, do you have any support mechanisms in place to support employees who are experiencing family or domestic violence?





Yes (select all applicable answers)

- Employee assistance program (including access to a psychologist, chaplain or counsellor)
- Training of key personnel
- A domestic violence clause is in an enterprise agreement or workplace agreement
- Workplace safety planning
- Access to paid domestic violence leave (contained in an enterprise/workplace agreement)
- Access to unpaid domestic violence leave (contained in an enterprise/workplace agreement)
   Access to paid domestic violence leave (not contained in an enterprise/workplace agreement)
- Access to unpaid leave
- Confidentiality of matters disclosed
- Referral of employees to appropriate domestic violence support services for expert advice
- Protection from any adverse action or discrimination based on the disclosure of domestic violence Flexible working arrangements
- Provision of financial support (e.g. advance bonus payment or advanced pay)
- ☑ Offer change of office location
- Emergency accommodation assistance
- Access to medical services (e.g. doctor or nurse)
- Other (provide details):
  - AustralianSuper's Enterprise Agreement provides "employees who are affected by family and domestic violence are entitled to uncapped paid leave for medical and legal assistance, court appearances, counselling, and relocation or to make any other arrangements for the safety and security of themselves and their family."
- No (you may specify why no other support mechanisms are in place)
  - Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed Insufficient resources/expertise

  - Not aware of the need
  - Not a priority
  - Other (provide details):
- 14. Where any of the following options are available in your workplace, are those option/s available to both women AND men?
  - flexible hours of work
  - compressed working weeks
  - time-in-lieu
  - telecommuting
  - part-time work
  - job sharing
  - carer's leave
  - purchased leave
  - unpaid leave.

### Options may be offered both formally and/or informally.

For example, if time-in-lieu is available to women formally but to men informally, you would select NO.

 $\boxtimes$  Yes, the option/s in place are available to both women and men.

No, some/all options are not available to both women AND men.

#### Which options from the list below are available? Please tick the related checkboxes. 14.1 Unticked checkboxes mean this option is NOT available to your employees.

Managers		Non-managers	
Formal	Informal	Formal	Informal
$\square$	$\square$	$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$
$\square$	$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$
$\square$	$\square$	$\square$	$\boxtimes$
$\square$	$\square$	$\square$	$\square$
$\square$		$\boxtimes$	
$\square$		$\square$	
$\square$		$\square$	
$\square$		$\boxtimes$	
$\square$		$\square$	
	Formal	Formal     Informal       Image: Second secon	Formal     Informal     Formal       Image: Second state





### 14.3 You may specify why any of the above options are NOT available to your employees.

- Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed
- Insufficient resources/expertise
- Not a priority
- Other (provide details):

# 14.4 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to gender equality indicator 4, please do so below:

A Keep in Touch program was established in 2019 to ensure colleagues on parental leave stay connected to the Fund. When the colleagues are on the unpaid portion of leave, they have the option to use up to 10 Keep in Touch days to complete activities such as: as participating in a planning meeting, participating in formal or on the job training, or performing work to re-familiarise themselves with the role role before returning to work.

In January 2020, it was announced that AustralianSuper was awarded a Top 20 place for 2019's Best Australian Workplaces for New Dads. The annual study analysed the largest 500 Australian companies by revenue to identify the workplaces that are leading the way with dad-friendly policies including parental leave, flexible work and other benefits.

AustralianSuper has been committed for a number of years to promoting that all roles, for all colleagues, are flexible. The COVID-19 pandemic has enabled this to be fast tracked and resulted in every colleague working remotely by 19 March 2020. AustralianSuper has been able to create new ways of working, where it may have previously been assumed a person needed at least some days in the office to fulfill their role, such as Technology. Creating processes such as remote on boarding for new colleagues means that the Technology team do not need to be onsite to hand out hardware to new joiners. As we plan for the eventual return to the office as the COVID-19 risk reduces and restrictions ease, the Fund will continue to promote flexible work and we expect that its usage will be higher than prior to the pandemic. AustralianSuper will continue to share experiences to highlight the various forms of flexible work, beyond working from home. AustralianSuper acknowledges Flexible Working Day on 10 June each year and continues to use this as an opportunity to share stories of various colleagues utilising flexible work.

In May 2019 the Fund's Domestic and Family Violence Policy was updated; whilst the Fund has always communicated its zero tolerance position on gender based harassment and discrimination, sexual harassment and bullying, the revised policy outlines this position and support that is available to colleagues who are victims.

# Gender equality indicator 5: Consultation with employees on issues concerning gender equality in the workplace

This gender equality indicator seeks information on what consultation occurs between employers and employees on issues concerning gender equality in the workplace.

### 15. Have you consulted with employees on issues concerning gender equality in your workplace?

imes	Yes

No (you may specify why you have not consulted with employees on gender equality)

- Not needed (provide details why):
- Insufficient resources/expertise
- Not a priority
- Other (provide details):

#### 15.1 How did you consult with employees on issues concerning gender equality in your workplace?

☑ Survey
 ☑ Consultative committee or group
 ☑ Focus groups

Exit interviews

Performance discussions



Other (provide details):

#### 15.2 Who did you consult?

🛛 All staff

- Women only
- Men only
- Human resources managers
- Management
- Employee representative group(s)
- Diversity committee or equivalent
- Women and men who have resigned while on parental leave
- Other (provide details):
- 15.3 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to gender equality indicator 5, please do so below.

### Gender equality indicator 6: Sex-based harassment and discrimination

The prevention of sex-based harassment and discrimination (SBH) has been identified as important in improving workplace participation. Set by the Minister, this gender equality indicator seeks information on the existence of a SBH policy and/or strategy and whether training of managers on SBH is in place.

#### 16. Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy on sex-based harassment and discrimination prevention?

- Yes (select all applicable answers)
  - Policy

Strategy Strategy

No (you may specify why no formal policy or formal strategy is in place)

- Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed
- Insufficient resources/expertise
- Included in award/industrial or workplace agreement
- Not a priority
- Other (provide details):

### 16.1 Do you include a grievance process in any sex-based harassment and discrimination prevention formal policy and/or formal strategy?

🛛 Yes

- □ No (you may specify why a grievance process is not included)
  - Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed
  - Insufficient resources/expertise
  - Not a priority
  - Other (provide details):

#### 17. Do you provide training for all managers on sex-based harassment and discrimination prevention?

Yes - please indicate how often this training is provided:

- At induction
- 🛛 At least annually
- Every one-to-two years
- Every three years or more
- Varies across business units
- Other (provide details):
- □ No (you may specify why this training is not provided)
  - Currently under development, please enter date this is due to be completed



Insufficient resources/expertise
 Not a priority
 Other (provide details):

### 17.1 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to gender equality indicator 6, please do so below:

1. AustralianSuper Chief Executive, Ian Silk is a founding member (2015) as a Male Champion of Change and he continues to use his industry profile to promote gender equality, both externally and internally. Ian Silk regularly communicates our commitment to gender diversity at employee briefings, via our intranet and public website and careers page, in addition to media interviews of the subject.

2. Public advocacy for the economic security of women - AustralianSuper continues to advocate for Australians who are disadvantaged by way of current superannuation legislation. The Fund commissioned a report in conjunction with Monash University titled "The Future Face of Poverty is Female". The report provided research and insights to the issue of women's poverty in retirement.

3. Gender balanced panel pledge - AustralianSuper only participates on panels where there is gender balanced representation.

4. Graduates and interns - a key focus of our graduate and intern programs is to ensure we meet our gender target of 60% women in each intake of interns and graduates. The promotion of our intern and graduate offering and initiatives has resulted in more applications from female candidates. We have exceeded our targets for both intern and graduate programs this year and continue to develop the women we have recruited into this program over the past five years.

### Other

18. If your organisation has introduced any outstanding initiatives that have resulted in improved gender equality in your workplace, please tell us about them.

(As with all questions in this questionnaire, information you provide here will appear in your public report.)

1. Our Chief Executive, Ian Silk is a founding member (2015) as a Male Champion of Change and he continues to use his industry profile to promote gender equality, both externally and internally. Ian Silk regularly communicates our commitment to gender diversity at employee briefings, via our intranet and public website and careers page in addition to media interviews of the subject.

2. Public advocacy for the economic security of women - AustralianSuper continues to advocate for Australians who are disadvantaged by way of current superannuation legislation. The Fund commissioned a report in conjunction with Monash University titled "The Future Face of Poverty is Female". The report provided research and insights to the issue of women's poverty in retirement.

3. Gender balanced panel pledge - AustralianSuper only participates on panels where there is gender balanced representation.

4. Graduates and interns - a key focus of our graduate and intern programs is to ensure we meet our gender target of 60% women in each intake of interns and graduates. The promotion of our intern and graduate offering and initiatives has resulted in more applications from female candidates. We have exceeded our targets for both intern and graduate programs this year and continue to develop the women we have recruited into this program over the past 5 years.



### Gender composition proportions in your workplace

### Important notes:

- 1. Proportions are based on the data contained in your workplace profile and reporting questionnaire.
- Some proportion calculations will not display until you press Submit at step 6 on the reporting page in the portal. When your 2. CEO signs off the report prior to it being submitted, it is on the basis that the proportions will only reflect the data contained in the report.
- 3. If any changes are made to your report after it has been submitted, the proportions calculations will be refreshed and reflect the changes after you have pressed **Re-submit** at step 6 on the reporting page.

### Based upon your workplace profile and reporting questionnaire responses:

#### Gender composition of workforce

1. the gender composition of your workforce overall is 49.9% females and 50.1% males.

### Promotions

2. 46.5% of employees awarded promotions were women and 53.5% were men

- 41.9% of all manager promotions were awarded to women
- ii. 48.5% of all non-manager promotions were awarded to women.
- 9.7% of your workforce was part-time and 2.0% of promotions were awarded to part-time employees. 3.

### Resignations

i. ii.

- 50.8% of employees who resigned were women and 49.2% were men 4.
  - 32.0% of all managers who resigned were women
  - 55.2% of all non-managers who resigned were women.
- 9.7% of your workforce was part-time and 38.5% of resignations were part-time employees.

### Employees who ceased employment before returning to work from parental leave

- 0.0% of all women who utilised parental leave ceased employment before returning to work
- 0.0% of all men who utilised parental leave ceased employment before returning to work ii
- N/A managers who utilised parental leave and ceased employment before returning to work were women iii.
- N/A non-managers who utilised parental leave and ceased employment before returning to work were women. iv.

# Notification and access

List of employee organisations:

AustralianSuper Pty Ltd

# Ian Scott Silk

Name of CEO or equivalent:

Confirmation CEO has signed the report:



CEO signature:

28 July 2020

Date: